MTF Formulary Management for Proton Pump Inhibitors (PPIs)

Department of Defense Pharmacoeconomic Center

Uniform Formulary Decision: The Director of TMA has approved the recommendations from the February 2005 DoD P&T Committee meeting regarding formulary status of oral PPIs on the Uniform Formulary (UF) and Basic Core Formulary (BCF). The BCF selections become effective 18 April 2005, and the non-formulary designation 17 July 2005.

Uniform Formulary (UF) Agents		Non-Formulary Agents
PPIs on BCF MTFs <u>must</u> have on formulary	PPIs not on BCF MTFs <u>may</u> have on formulary	MTFs <u>must not</u> have on formulary
Omeprazole	Lansoprazole (Prevacid)	Esomeprazole (Nexium)
(generic 10 mg & 20 mg only)	Pantoprazole (Protonix)	
Rabeprazole (Aciphex) – all oral strengths and dosage forms	Omeprazole (Prilosec 40 mg and Zegerid oral suspension)	

- MTFs should maximize the use of the two most cost-effective PPIs, omeprazole or rabeprazole. Clinical trials
 evaluating efficacy in gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD) and peptic ulcer disease (PUD) have
 demonstrated that when compared at equivalent doses, one PPI works just as well as another. All PPIs have
 similar safety and tolerability profiles.
- Esomeprazole is the least cost-effective PPI. MTFs should only dispense esomeprazole for patients who cannot
 be treated with any other PPI. MTFs must use the medical necessity criteria for esomeprazole established by the
 DoD P&T Committee. The criteria are available on the TRICARE Pharmacy website:
 http://www.tricare.osd.mil/pharmacy/medical-nonformulary.cfm. A Microsoft Word version of the TMOP/TRRx
 Medical Necessity form adaptable for MTF use is available on RxNET.
- Lansoprazole was removed from the BCF. Based on current prices, we recommend that MTFs review the current market share of lansoprazole at their facility and switch as many patients to the BCF agents as possible.
- PPIs currently rank second in drug class expenditures in the Military Health System. MTFs spent \$91 million on PPIs in fiscal year 2004, an 11% increase over 2003.

Proton Pump Inhibitor (PPIs) Dose and MTF Price Comparison		
Drug & Dosage Form	Price (June 2005) ^{ab}	
Basic Core Formulary PPIs		
Omeprazole 10 & 20mg caps (Kremers-Urban)	\$0.47/cap	
Rabeprazole 20mg tab	\$0.50/tab	
Other Uniform Formulary PPIs available for inclusion on MTF formularies		
Lansoprazole 15 & 30mg caps	\$1.00/cap	
Lansoprazole 15 & 30mg SoluTab	\$1.50/tab	
Lansoprazole Suspension	\$1.50/30mg	
Omeprazole 40mg cap	\$3.96/cap	
Omeprazole Suspension	\$2.87/20mg packet	
Pantoprazole 20mg tab	\$2.11/tab	
Pantoprazole 40mg tab	\$0.89/cap	
Non-formulary PPIs		
Esomeprazole 20mg cap	\$2.66/cap	
Esomeprazole 40mg cap	\$2.69/cap	

^a Post-decision prices; actual price may vary slightly due to MTF-specific Prime Vendor discounts and/or fees

References

- For the full clinical review of the PPIs and for discussion about UF decisions, log onto RxNET (the PEC's webforum) www.dodrxnet.org (under "File Library" forum, "DoD P&T Library" folder).
- Current/future drug classes under review by the DoD P&T Committee: www.pec.ha.osd.mil/PT Committee.htm
- TRICARE website for information on the Uniform Formulary: www.tricare.osd.mil/pharmacy
- TRICARE Formulary Search Tool: www.tricareformularysearch.org

POC: For more information email: Jennifer.Dacus@amedd.army.mil or Eugene.Moore@amedd.army.mil.

^b MTFs are prohibited from entering into any incentive pricing agreements in any form with PPI pharmaceutical manufacturers to receive additional discounts.